

碩士學位論文

Hacking - Free - Packet

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2002 年 12 月

Hacking - Free - Packet

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論文 工學 碩士學位 論文 提出

2002年 12月

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工學 碩士學位 論文 認准

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濟州大學校 大學院

2002年 12月

**Enhancement of IDS performance by using
a Hacking-Free-Packet filter**

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(Supervised by professor Kyung-Sik Kim)



**A thesis submitted in partial fulfillment of the
requirements for the degree of Master of Engineering**

2002. 12.

**Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering
GRADUATE SCHOOL
CHEJU NATIONAL UNIVERSITY**

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SUMMARY

The internet security industry has grown rapidly along with the increase in the number of security attacks during the past several years. Among the various security protection tools, Firewall and IDS(intrusion detection system) are most well-known. Those security tools need to handle a huge amount of network traffic from tremendously growing internet connectivity.

IDS must analyze all incoming packets to detect the signatures of intrusion. With a single packet to fail analyze, the IDS may lose a critical clue of intrusion and fail to detect an intrusion.

In this thesis, a system has been designed and implemented to overcome efficiently the bottleneck occurring in IDS. The system is developed at the layer of intermediate driver in MS Windows. Most of packet capture modules used in IDS is developed in the protocol driver layer. The proposed system is independent of packet capture modules of various IDS.

Since the dominant portion of internet traffic is web traffic, IDS need not to monitor major portion of the traffic by dropping the web traffic in the intermediate driver layer. To analyze receiving packets efficiently, a filter module is designed in the form CFG(control flow graph) model using ASL(audit specification language) based on BPF(berkeley packet filter).

The proposed system can analyze all of packets existing in a fast ethernet network and filter Hacking-Free-Packets completely. The performance of IDS using the proposed system is improved by increasing the amount of web traffic due to heavy network traffic.

I.

가

(, 2001, 2001b).

(, 2001).

가

(Willam, 1997). , Mirecom Lab

가 986.94 Mbps
44% (Mire, 2001).

(Jongwook, 2001).



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(Snort)

, Pcap

(Pcap, 2000).

BPF(berkeley packet filter)가

(McCanne, 1993), BPF

(Guang, 1998).

MS

(Microsoft) Windows

(MSDN, 2000).

(intermediate driver)

,
 , (Hacking-Free-Packet)
 ,
 ,
 가 .
 , Hacking-Free-Packet
 가 . ASL(Auditing Specification Language) (Guang,
 1998) CFG(control flow graph)
 .
 , II
 . II
 Hacking-Free-Packet MS Windows
 . IV Hacking-Free-
 Packet ,
 . V
 , VI 가



II.

가
가 , 가
가
가
가

1.



- (Stallings, 1997).
- (Interruption) : 가
 - 가 (Interception) : 가
가 , 가 ,
 - (Modification) : 가 /
가 ,

- (Fabrication) :
- (Masquerade) : 가 가 가 가
- (Reply) :
- (Denial Of Service) : 가 가 가 가
- : 가 가
- : 가
- : 가 가 가 가 , 가
- : 가
- : 가 가 가
- 가 : 가 가 가 ,
()
가



가

2.

1980

가

가

가

1)

3가

- : 가 (Source

e)



- :

- :

2)

-

- Misuse Detection

- Anomaly Detection

•

- Host based Detection
- Multi-host based Detection
- Network based Detection
- Application based Detection

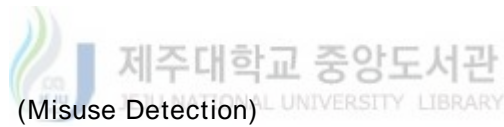
•

- Interval Detection
- Real-Time Detection

•

- Active Response System
- Passive Response System

(1)



(Misuse Detection)

가 가

(Signature)

가

(Anomaly Detection)

- (Threshold) : , CPU
- : (가)
(가 ,)
- : 가
- , :
가 ,



(2)

(Host based Detection)

(audit trails)

가 가

, DoS(Denial-of-Service)
audit trails

(Multi Host based Detection)

가
audit data

(Network based Detection)



가

(Fragment) (, 2001. , 2
001b)

가 가

(Application based Detection)

가

가

가

(3)

(Interval Detection)

audit trails

(Real - Time Detection)

(4)



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(Active Response System)

3가

-
-

가

가

, TCP Reset

- IP Spoofing

(Passive Response System)

2가

- 가
- SNMP
- 가 (audit data)



3.

Fig. 1 가

4

- (Raw Data Collection) :
- 가 (Data Reduction & Filtering) :

- (Analysis & Intrusion Detection) : 가

- (Reporting & Response) :

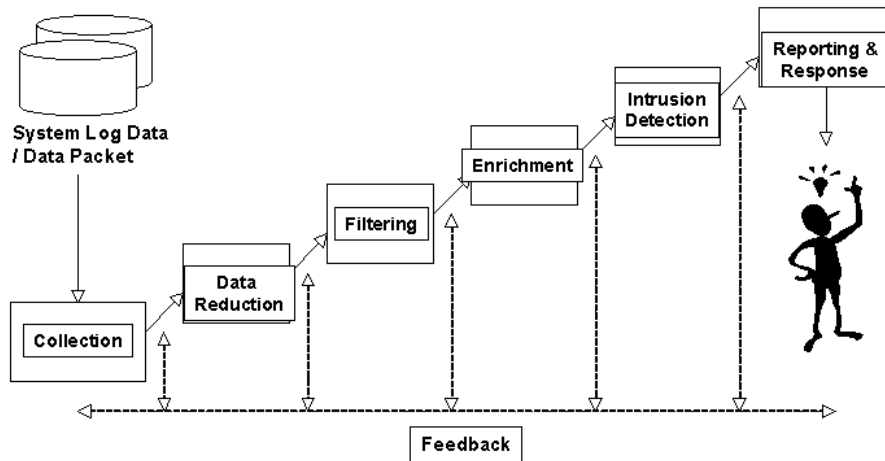


Fig. 1. 제주대학교 중앙도서관
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가

4.

가

가

가

가

가

가

Mirecom Lab

가

986.94 Mbps

44%

(Mire, 2001).

가

Charles

Andrew

40%

60%

(Iheagwara, 2002).

, I/O)



제주대학교 중앙도서관
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, CPU

가

가

가

pcap

pcap

가

가



III. MS Windows

MS(Microsoft) Windows

NIC(network interface card)

TCP/IP

가

가



MS 가

1. MS Windows

MS Windows

가

Fig. 2

가

NDIS

가

(,)

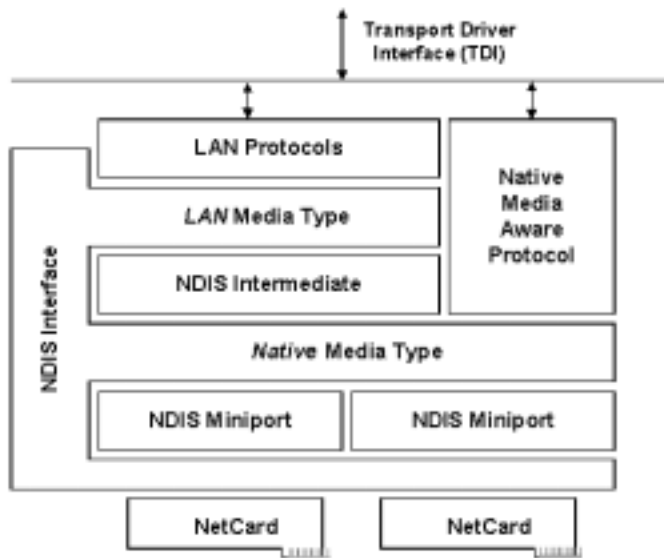


Fig. 2. Windows Network driver structure.

가 , 가 , 가 , 가 , 가 , 가 , TCP/IP, IPX/SPX, NETBEUI , 가 , Windows

2.

1)

Fig. 3

가

Windows

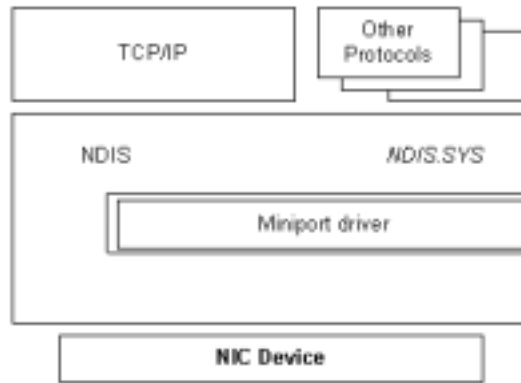


Fig. 3. General Windows network driver structure.



NIC

NDIS

(ProtocolXXXX)

NDIS

NDIS

(MiniportXXXX)

NDIS

NIC

NDIS

Windows

가

LAN

가

LAN

NIC

(: PPPOE, ATM)

NIC

NIC

LAN

4가

-
-
-
-

()

Fig. 4 Windows

가

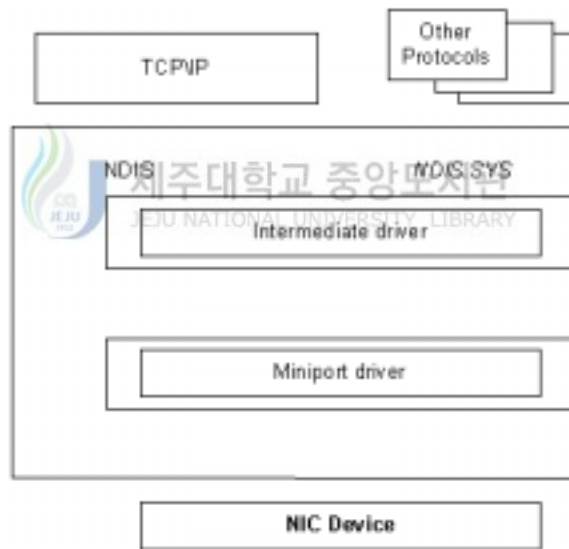


Fig. 4. Intermediate driver in the NDIS.

Fig. 5
Edge

Upper -

가 , Lower - Edge

가 ,

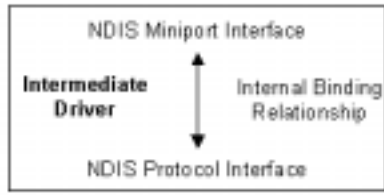


Fig. 5. Internal binding in intermediate driver.

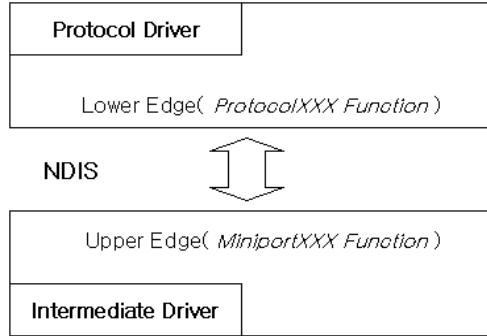


Fig. 6. Binding protocol driver to intermediate driver.

Fig. 6

Upper - Edge
가



Lower - Edge

가

7

Upper - Edge

Lower - Edge

가

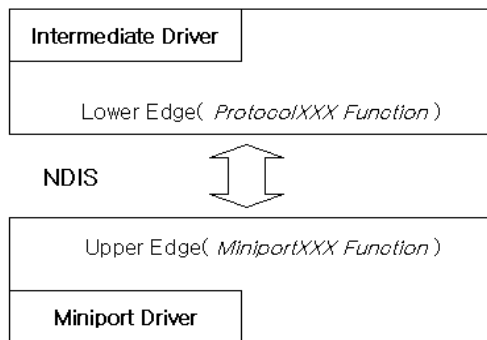


Fig. 7. Binding protocol driver to intermediate driver.

- -
 -
 -
- 2)

Fig. 8

DirverEntry DirverEntry
Lower - Edge Upper - Edge
NdisAdapterHandle NdisProtocolHandle



Fig. 8. Initialize intermediate driver.

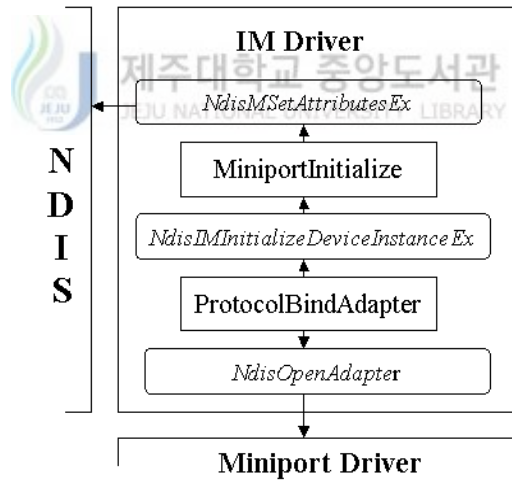
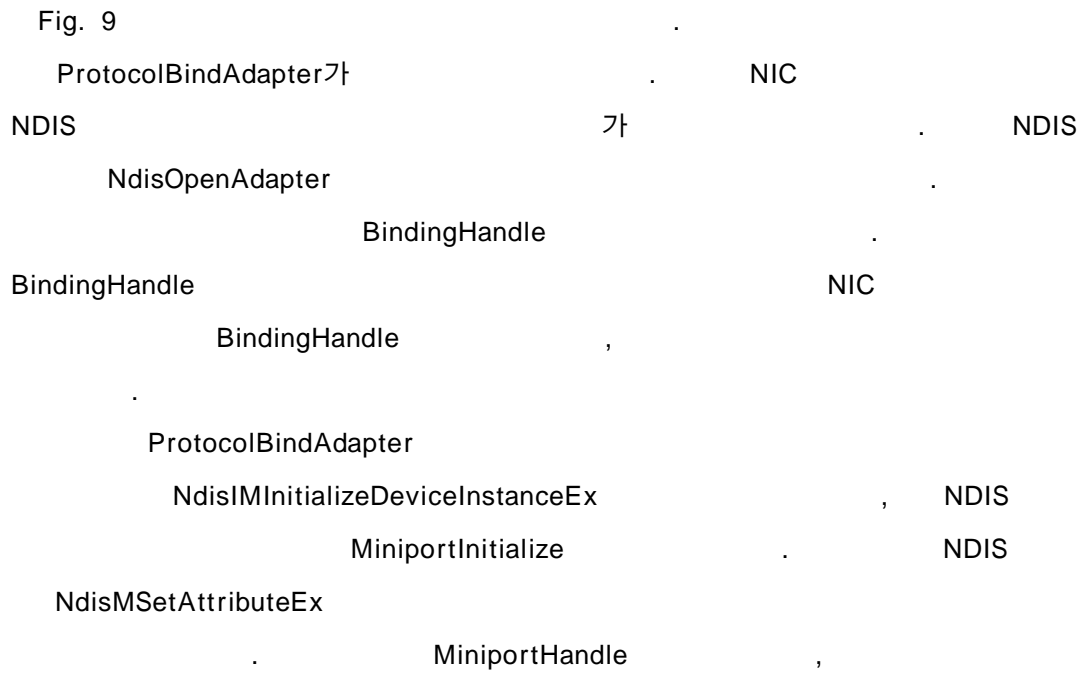


Fig. 9. Binding intermediate driver.

3) NDIS NDIS_PACKET 가

. NDIS_PACKET /
 . NDIS_PACKET NDIS_BUFFER 가 /
 , /
 . NDIS_BUFFER 가 , 가
 가 .
 NDIS_PACKET NDIS_BUFFER
 Pool
 NDIS_PACKET Pool NdisAllocatePacketPool NDIS
 , NDIS_BUFFER가 Pool NdisAllocateBufferPool
 가 /
 NDIS_PACKET NdisAllocateMemory . Fig.
 10 NDIS_PACKET NDIS_BUFFER,

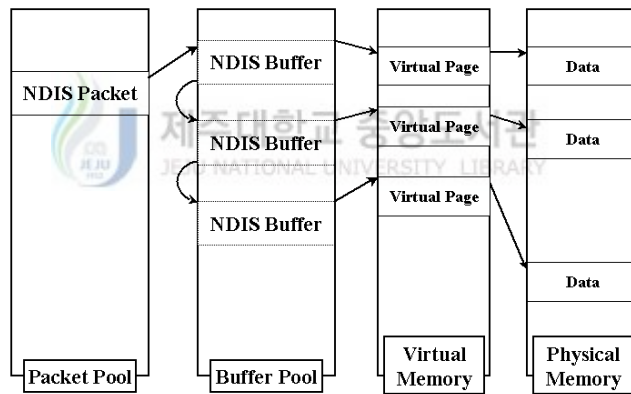


Fig. 10. NDIS_PACKET.

4) /
 (1) , 가

가 . Fig. 11

NDIS, NdisSend, NdisSend, MiniportSend
 NIC 가 가
 NdisMsendComplete ProtocolSendComp
 let

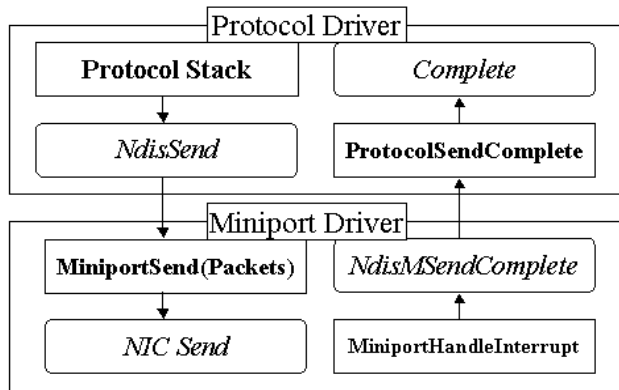


Fig. 11. General send routine.



NdisSend Upper - Edge 가
 Upper - Edge MiniportSend . Upper -
 Edge NdisSend 가

Fig. 12

가
 가
 , 가
 가
 I 가 NdisSend
 NDIS_PACKET BindingHandle .

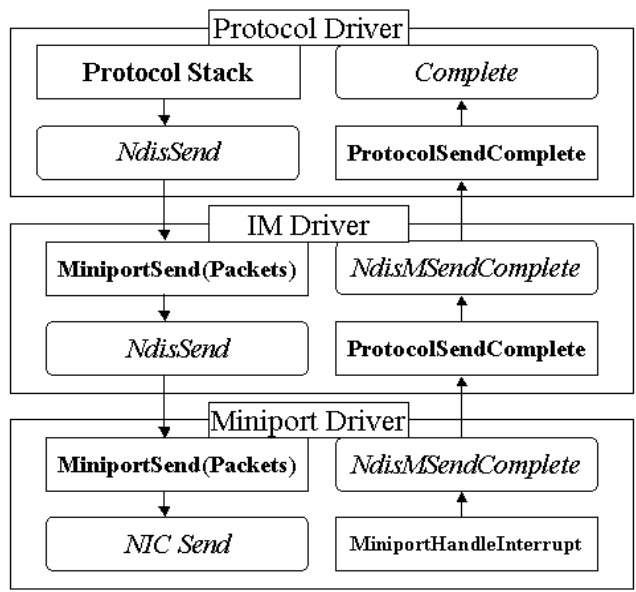
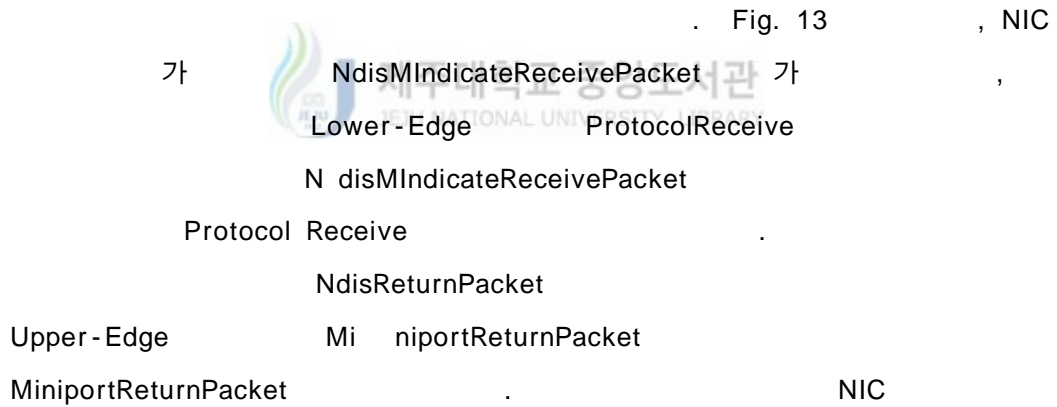


Fig. 12. Send routine in intermediate driver.

(2)



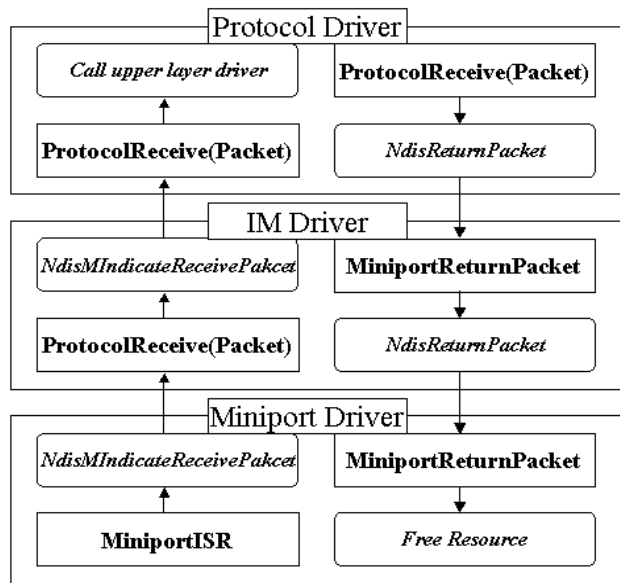


Fig. 13. Receive routine in intermediate driver.

5)



NIC
NIC

MiniportQueryInformation MiniportSetInformation

Fig. 15

ProtocolRequestComplete

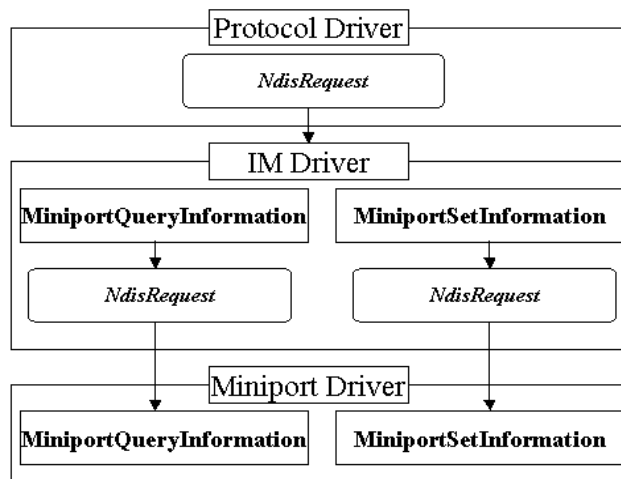


Fig. 14. Set/Query in intermediate driver.

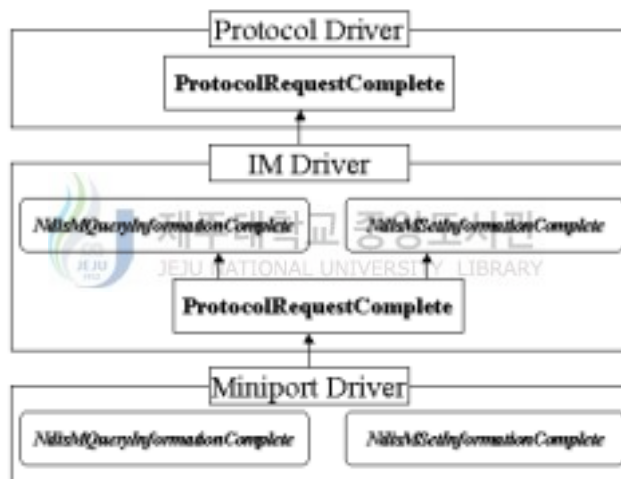


Fig. 15. Set/Query completion in intermediate driver.

6)

	NIC		NDIS가
UnbindAdapter	NdisCloseAdapter		NIC
	.	, NIC	NDIS가
NIC	NIC	MiniportHalt	, NDIS

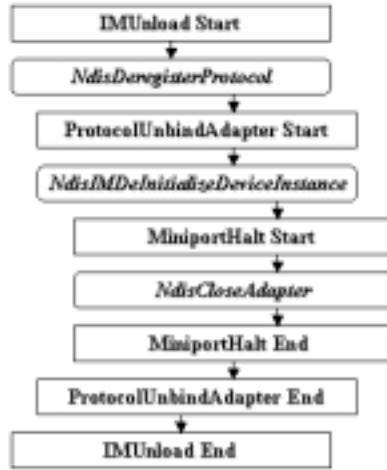


Fig. 16. End routine of intermediate driver.

3.



MS Windows

(
)
 가 , ,
 , (MiniportSend, ProtocolReceive)
 IDS , ,
 가 (Fig. 17).
 NdisMIndicateReceivePacket NDIS
 Lower - Edge ProtocolReceivePacket
 NDIS_PACKET

ProtocolReceivePacket

NdisMIndicateReceivePacket

가

, NdisReturnPacket

MiniportReturnPacket

NdisReturnPacket

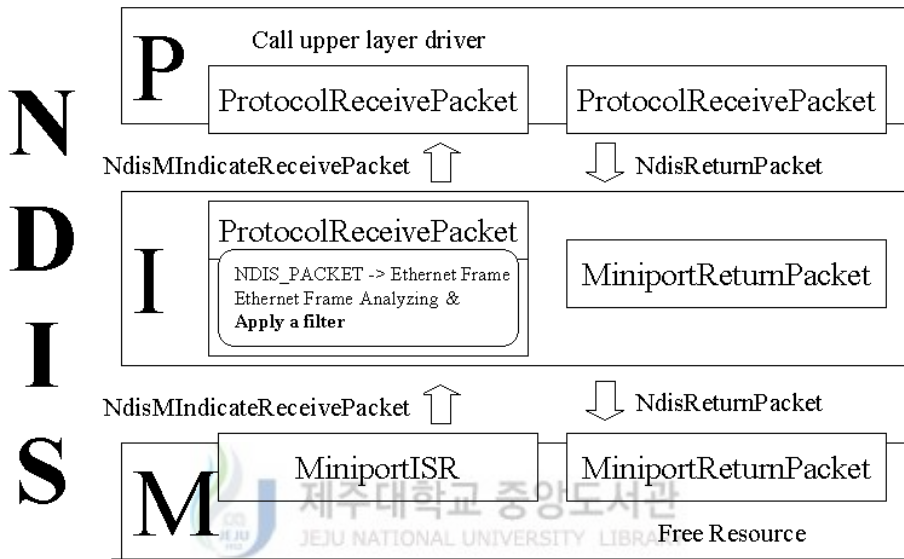


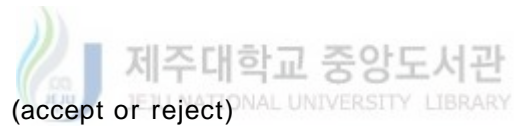
Fig. 17. Packet capture & analyze in receive routine, intermediate driver.

가 , ProtocolReceivePacket
 , NDIS_PACKET 가 ,
 NDIS_PACKET ,

IV. Hacking - Free - Packet

가 가
가
가

1.



PROMISCUOS

(Guang, 1998).

- Real-time performance :
(Raw)
- No Packet Dropping :

- Flexibility :
- Scalability :

1) BPF (berkley packet filter)

(Raw)
 BPF(berkley packet filter) 가 . BPF
 UNIX Windows , . BPF
 NIC (Raw) ,
 Fig. 18 NIC
 . (McCanne, 1993)

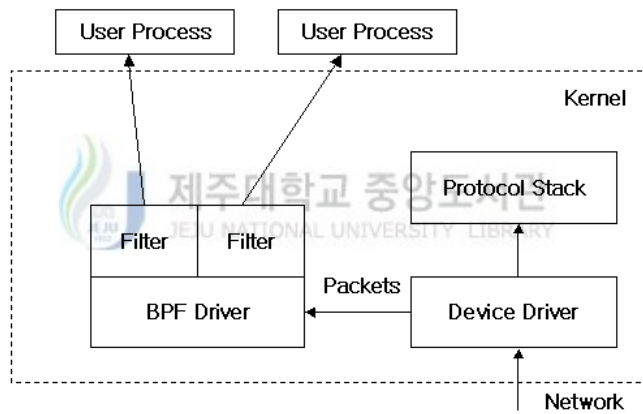


Fig. 18. BPF system architecture.

CFG(control flow graph)
 (NIT, DLPI)

1980

(accept reject)

AND OR

Fig. 19

가 foo

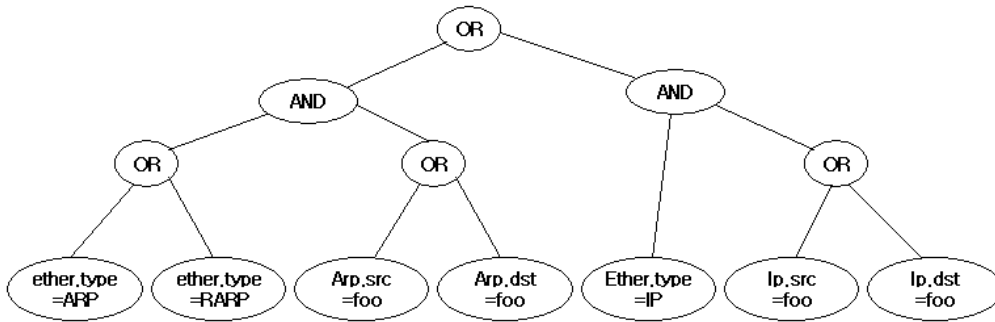


Fig. 19. Tree filter function for "host foo".

CFG
가
foo

. Fig. 20

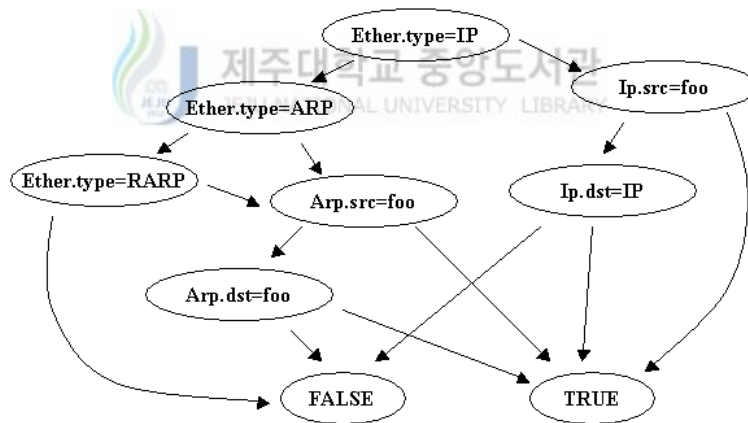


Fig. 20. CFG filter function for "host foo".

, BPF (CFG)

"ether.type == IP"

"ether.type == ARP"

, CFG

BPF

가

가

2. ASL

Hacking-Free-Packet

CFG

ASL(Audit

Specification Language)

(Guang, 1998).

Pattern | condition -> reaction

ASL

. *Pattern* Rule

Condition

. *Reaction* *Condition*

, CFG

가

1)

가

“(short)packet[12]”

short(2Byte) int(4Byte)

```

        . IP
        ,
        가 IP
        ,
        TCP      IP      .      TCP
IP      "(short)packet[34]"
        ,      가      ,
UDP      ICMP
        .
        .
TCP      IP      ,      TCP

```

2) ASL

ASL

```

foo      . (foo
IP      가 11.22.33.44      )

```

```

Packet(p) | (p.s_addr == 11.22.33.44) -> message("host foo")

```

Packet

"p.s_addr"



```

p IP
p(      )

```

```

IP      . ASL
가 AND      가

```

```

Packet(p) | (p.e_type == ETHER_IP) && (p.s_addr == 11.22.33.44) ->
message("host foo")

```

ASL BPF Fig. 21 CFG

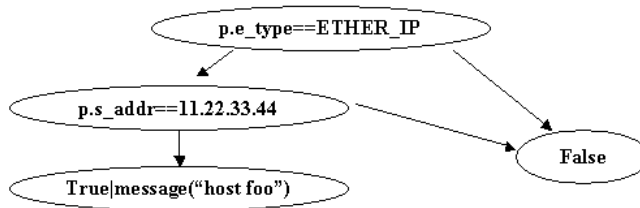


Fig. 21. Sample filter for "host foo".

ASL CFG

IP TCP,UDP,ICMP, IGMP가

ASL

Packet(p) | (p.e_type == ETHER_IP) && (p.protocol != IP_TCP)
&& (p.protocol != IP_UDP) && (p.protocol != IP_ICMP)
&& (p.protocol != IP_IGMP) -> message("IP Unknown protocol")

CFG Fig. 22

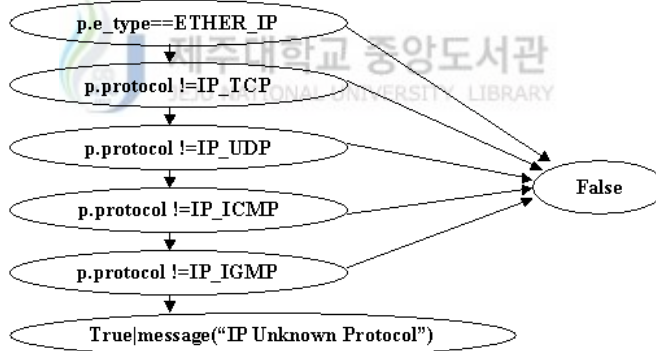


Fig. 22. Sample filter for "IP Unknown Protocol".

. Fig. 23 Fig. 22

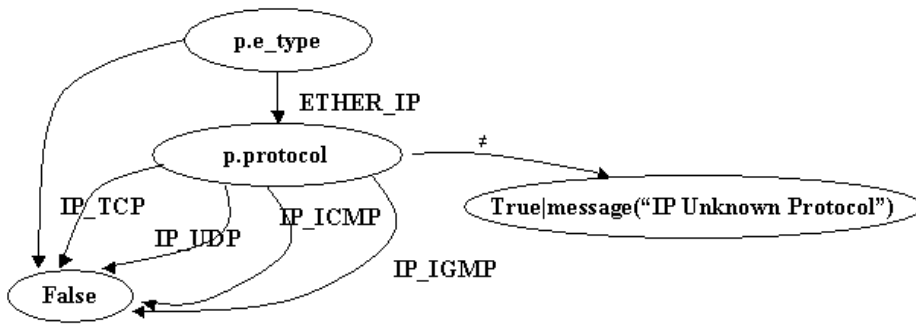


Fig. 23. Improved filter for "IP Unknown Protocol".

3) OR
 ASL 가 AND , OR
 가 .
 가 foo p.tcp_saddr p.tcp_daddr
 가 . ASL .
 foo IP가 11.22.33.44)
 Packet(p)|(p.etype == ETHER_IP) && ((p.s_addr == 11.22.33.44)
 || (p.d_addr == 11.22.33.44)) -> message("host foo")
 OR *reaction* *reaction* FALSE
 . FALSE
 CFG Fig. 24

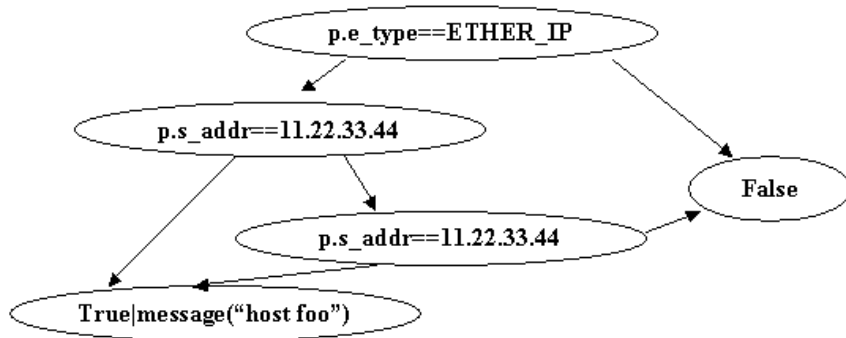


Fig. 24. Sample for OR filter for "host foo".

ASL

CFG

3. Hacking-Free-Packet

HTTP(Web)

가

가

가

(Thompson, 1997).

가

TCP

HTTP

HTTP

가

Hacking-Free-Packet

가

(Moon, 2001).

1) HTTP

Hacking-Free-Packet

가

가

Hacking-Free-Packet

가

가

가

가

TCP

“3-Handshaking”

ACK ()

가 가
가

. Fig. 24

(Stevens, 1999).

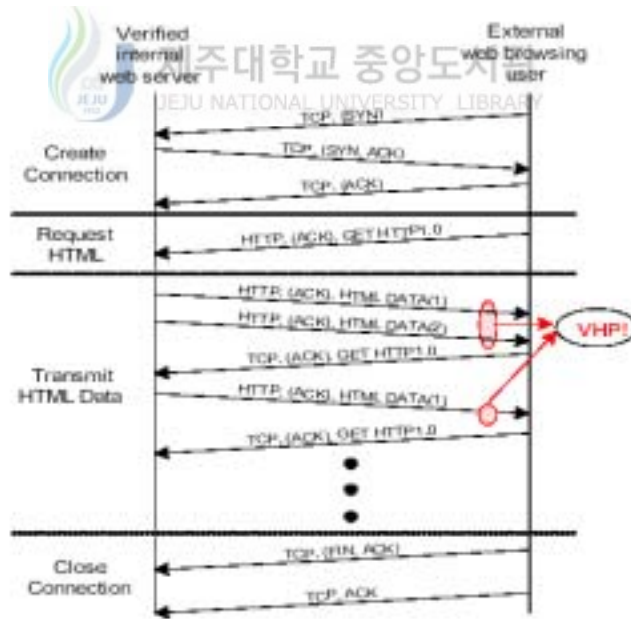


Fig. 24. The sequence of HTTP and Hacking-Free-Packet.

HTTP

Hacking-Free-Packet

(1) TCP

IP

IP

TCP

TCP

()

“SYN Flooding”

“ACK Storm”

DDOS(distributed denial of service)

(2)

HTTP

CGI

가

HTTP

HTTP

Snort

HTTP

440

가

(Snort)

URL

“403

Forbidden”

3가

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0.68%

가 HTTP

2) HTTP Hacking-Free-Packet

HTTP

TCP

가 HTTP

가

가

● TCP

● Port

- TCP : ACK, ACKPSH
- TCP : HTTP 가 (GET HTTP1.0)

ASL

```

Packet(p) | (p.e_type == ETHER_IP) && (p.protocol == IP_TCP)
&& ((p.tcp_sport == HTTP) || (p.tcp_dport == HTTP))
&& ((p.tcp_flag == ACK) || (p.tcp_flag == ACKPSH))
&& (p.tcp_data != GET) -> drop
  
```

Fig. 25 ASL HTTP Hacking-Free-Packet CFG

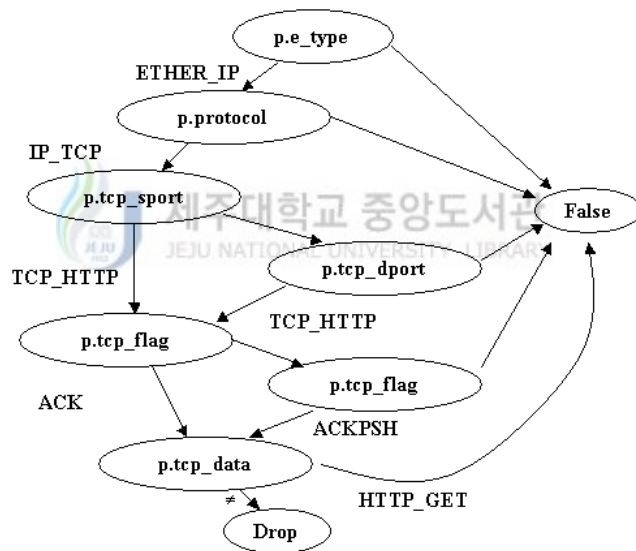


Fig. 25. HTTP Hacking-Free-Packet filter for “http packet”.

HTTP Hacking-Free-Packet Filter 7 가
 7 BOOLEAN
 , 가 NDIS_PACKET

V.

Hacking-Free-Packet 가

Free-Packet 가

Hacking-

1.

Fig. 26



Fig. 26 The empirical network

1) (IDS)

Snort-1.9.0 Win32

(Snort). Snort PCAP
 Win32 , Winpcap-2.3 , Pentium III 800Mhz
 Windows 2000 (Winpcap).

2) (Attacker)
 Land Attack . Land Attack IP IP
 DOS (Insecure). Land
 Attack
 . Land Attack Pentium Celeron 400Mhz Linux

2.4 가

3) (Traffic Generator)
 . HTTP
 http_load (ACME). http_load HTTP

UDP MGEM UDP
 (Naval). Pentium Celeron 400Mhz, Linux 2.4



4) (Web Server)
 Apache , Pentium Celeron 400Mhz Linux 2.4
 (Apache).

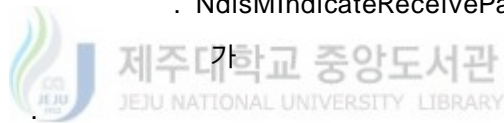
5) (Victim)
 Pentium III 733Mhz, Windows 2000 .

6) (Ethernet Switch)
 5 Extreme Summit24 Switching HUB
 . Dummy 가

2. Hacking-Free-Packet

- OS : Microsoft Windows 2000 Service Pack 3
- NIC : 3Com 905B-TX
- Language : C
- Develop Environment : Microsoft Visual C++ 6]

MS DDK(device driver kit)
 PassThru . NIC
 NdisMIndicateReceivePacket , NDIS
 가 Lower-Edge
 ProtocolReceive . NdisMIndicateReceivePacket NIC



VOID

```
NdisMIndicateReceivePacket(
  IN NDIS_HANDLE MiniportAdapterHandle,
  IN PPNDIS_PACKET ReceivePackets,
  IN UINT NumberOfPackets
);
```

```
ProtocolReceive ( )
NDIS_PACKET 가 .
```

```

typedef struct _ETHERNETFRAME
{
    UINT          Length;
    UCHAR         Buffer[1520];
}ETHERNETFRAME, *PETHERNETFRAME;

```

PETHERNETFRAME

```

HFPTtranslateNdisPacketToEthernetFrame(IN PNDIS_PACKET pNdisPacket)

```

Hacking - Free - Packet

```

#define ETHERNET_PROTOCOL_IP 0x0008
#define IP_PROTOCOL_TCP      0x06
#define TCP_PROTOCOL_HTTP    0x5000
#define TCPF_ACK              0x10
#define TCPF_ACKPSH          0x18

```

BOOLEAN

```

Ethernet ProtocolTypeIP(IN PETHERNETFRAME pEthernetFrame);

```

BOOLEAN

```

IpProtocolTCP(IN PETHERNETFRAME pEthernetFrame);

```

BOOLEAN

```

SourcePortHTTP(IN PETHERNETFRAME pEthernetFrame);

```

BOOLEAN

```

DestinationPortHTTP(IN PETHERNETFRAME pEthernetFrame);

```



BOOLEAN

TcpFlagACK(IN PETHERNETFRAME pEthernetFrame);

BOOLEAN

TcpFlagACKPSH(IN PETHERNETFRAME pEthernetFrame);

BOOLEAN

HttpDataNotGET(IN PETHERNETFRAME pEthernetFrame);

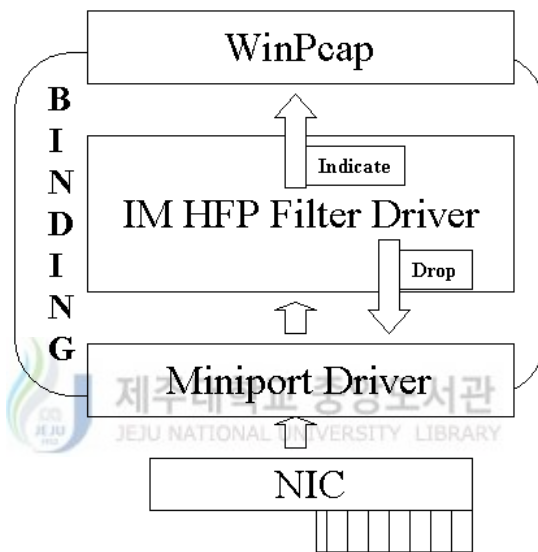


Fig. 27. Intermediate Hacking-Free-Packet filter driver.

Fig. 27 , Hacking-Free-Packet Winpcap

3.

HTTP UDP
10% 99% . Land Attack 10000
10 HTTP
HTTP UDP

1) Hacking-Free-Packet

Hacking-Free-Packet

가 ,

Hacking-Free-Packet

5000

. Fig. 28

24.064usec

가

NIC

100Mbps

가



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(Snort)

Windows

2)

Table 1

, 10%

99%

. HxUy

HTTP

UDP

..**

가

가

HTTP (Hacking Free Packets)

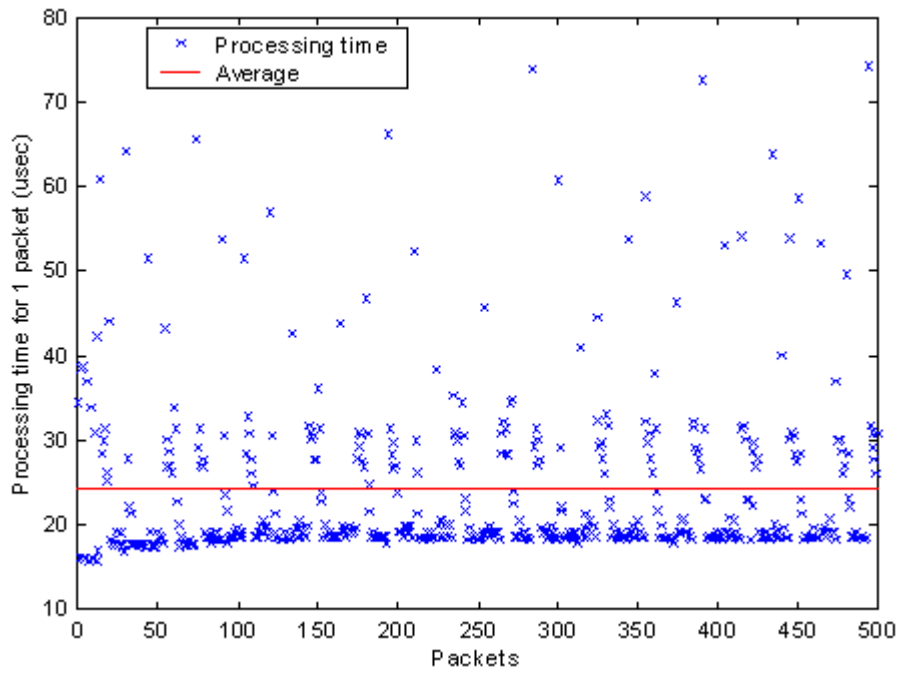


Fig. 28. Processing time for 1 packet in proposed filter

Table 1. Attack detection rate

Traffic	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%	60%	70%	80%	90%	99%
H1U9	100	100	97.5	96.9	94.2	91.8	80.9	70.4	68.5	64.2
H1U9*	100	100	100	96.4	94.2	92.2	81.2	72.2	70.3	66.2
H3U7	100	99	97.9	97	94	91.8	82.3	71.3	68.2	65
H3U7*	100	100	100	100	96.4	94.2	86.2	79.9	76.2	74.4
H5U5	100	100	97.0	96.7	94.4	91.1	82.6	71.7	68.9	64.8
H5U5*	100	100	100	100	99	97.4	88	84.2	83	81.4
H7U3	100	100	97.9	96.4	94.8	91.9	81.6	72.4	69.6	65.4
H7U3*	100	100	100	100	100	98.3	98.2	98.4	97.8	96.4
H9U1	100	100	97.9	96.8	94.1	91.2	79.9	71.6	69	63.9
H9U1*	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	98.4	98.2

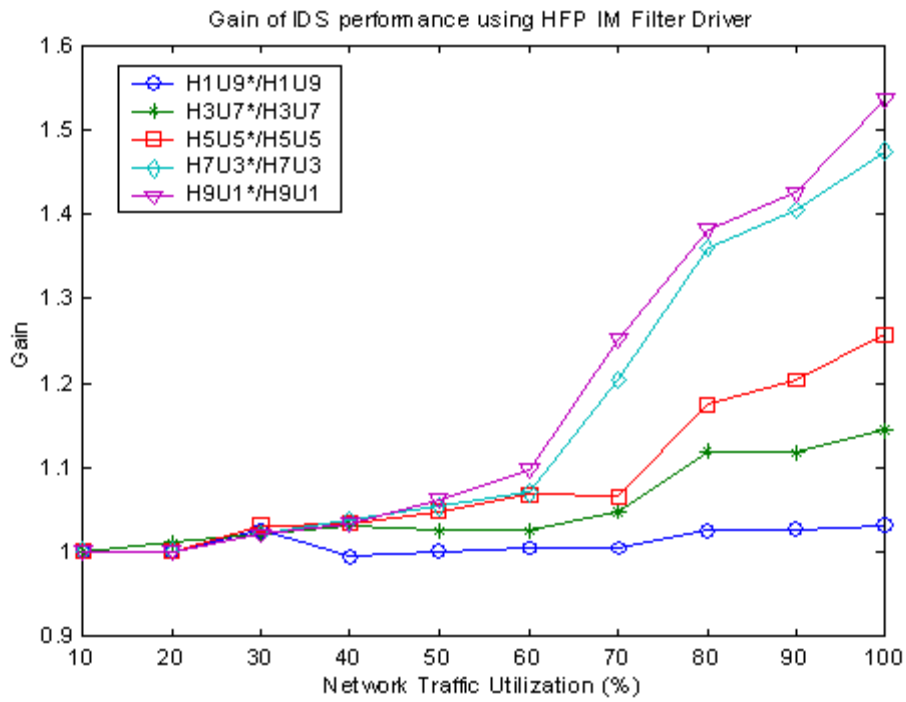


Fig. 28 Gain of IDS performance using intermediate Hacking-Free-Packet filter driver.

Fig. 28 Table 1



60%

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100Mbps
100Mbps HTTP UDP 10% 99%
HTTP
Hacking-Free-Packet

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